

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **HYLINE HLU-31**

Revision date: 06.03.2020 Product code: Page 1 of 14

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

**HYLINE HLU-31** 

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Use of the substance/mixture

Professional: Cleaner **Uses advised against**Any non-intended use.

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: HOBART GmbH

Street: Robert-Bosch-Strasse 17
Place: D-77656 Offenburg

Telephone: +49 (0) 781.600-0 Telefax: +49 (0) 781.600-23 19

e-mail: info@hobart.de Internet: www.hobart.de

Responsible Department: Dr. Gans-Eichler e-mail: info@tge-consult.de

Chemieberatung GmbH Tel.: +49(0)2534 6441185 Otto-Hahn-Str. 36 www.tge-consult.de

D-48161 Muenster

1.4. Emergency telephone Giftnotruf (Poison Center) Berlin: +49 (0) 30 30686700

number:

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Hazard categories:

Substance or mixture corrosive to metals: Met. Corr. 1

Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin Corr. 1

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Eye Dam. 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment: Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment: Aquatic Chronic 2

Hazard Statements:

May be corrosive to metals.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Causes serious eye damage. Very toxic to aquatic life.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2. Label elements

# Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

#### Hazard components for labelling

potassium hydroxide; caustic potash

Sodium Hypochlorite

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:







according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **HYLINE HLU-31**

Revision date: 06.03.2020 Product code: Page 2 of 14

#### **Hazard statements**

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

P260 Do not breathe vapour/aerosol.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water

or shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

# P310 **2.3. Other hazards**

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

#### **Hazardous components**

CAS No	Chemical name					
	EC No	Index No	REACH No			
	GHS Classification	•	•			
1310-58-3	potassium hydroxide; caus	tic potash		5 -15 %		
	215-181-3	019-002-00-8	01-2119487136-33			
	Met. Corr. 1, Acute Tox. 4,	Skin Corr. 1A; H290 H302 H314				
1312-76-1	Silicic acid, potassium salt	MR >3,2		1 - 5 %		
	215-199-1		01-2119456888-17			
	Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2; H3					
37971-36-1	2-phosphonobutane-1,2,4-		3 - < 5 %			
	253-733-5		01-2119436643-39			
	Met. Corr. 1, Eye Irrit. 2; H					
7681-52-9	Sodium Hypochlorite	1 - 5 %				
	231-668-3	017-011-00-1	01-2119488154-34			
	Met. Corr. 1, Skin Corr. 1B H314 H318 H335 H400 H4					
				%		
_						

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

#### **Further Information**

Product does not contain listed SVHC substances > 0,1 % according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Article 59 (REACH)

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### **General information**

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data





according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **HYLINE HLU-31**

Revision date: 06.03.2020 Product code: Page 3 of 14

sheet if possible).

#### After inhalation

In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. In the case of lung irritation: Primary treatment using corticoide spray, eg. Auxiloson spray, Pulmicort-dosage-spray. (Auxiloson and Pulmicort are registered trademarks).

#### After contact with skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In case of skin irritation, seek medical treatment.

#### After contact with eyes

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart. Subsequently consult an ophthalmologist.

#### After ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Let water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect). Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps. When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

In the case of lung irritation: Primary treatment using corticoide spray, eg. Auxiloson spray,

Pulmicort-dosage-spray. (Auxiloson and Pulmicort are registered trademarks).

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

# Suitable extinguishing media

Sand. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Extinguishing powder. In case of major fire and large quantities: Water spray jet. Water mist.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Can be released in case of fire: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2). Phosphorus oxides. Chlorine (Cl2). Hydrogen chloride (HCl).

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).

Do not breathe vapour/aerosol. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

High slip hazard because of leaking or spilled product.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Eliminate leaks immediately. Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. If required, notify relevant authorities according to all applicable regulations.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **HYLINE HLU-31**

Revision date: 06.03.2020 Product code: Page 4 of 14

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No information available.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

# Advice on safe handling

Wear suitable protective clothing. ( See section 8. )

Do not mix with acids.

# Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Usual measures for fire prevention.

#### Further information on handling

Advices on general occupational hygiene: See section 8.

Shelf Life (months): 12

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Unsuitable materials for Container: Aluminium. Zinc.

Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place away from acids. Keep container tightly

closed. Handle and open container with care.

Make sure spills can be contained (e.g. sump pallets or kerbed areas).

Suitable floor material: Leachate-proof.

# Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Explosives. Oxidizing solids. Oxidizing liquids. Organic peroxides. Self-reactive substances and mixtures. Radioactive substances. Infectious substances.

# Further information on storage conditions

Protect against: frost. UV-radiation/sunlight. heat. Humidity frost.

storage temperature: (-)10 - 20°C

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits (EH40)**

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
7782-50-5	Chlorine	0.5	1.5		STEL (15 min)	WEL
1310-58-3	Potassium hydroxide	_	2		STEL (15 min)	WEL

# **DNEL/DMEL values**

CAS No	Substance			
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value
1310-58-3 potassium hydroxide; caustic potash				
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	1 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	1 mg/m³
1312-76-1 Silicic acid, potassium salt MR >3,2				
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	5,61 mg/m³



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

# HYLINE HLU-31 Revision date: 06.03.2020 Product code: Page 5 of 14

Worker DNEL,	long-term	dermal	systemic	1,49 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	1,38 mg/m³
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	dermal	systemic	0,74 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	oral	systemic	0,74 mg/kg bw/day
37971-36-1	2-phosphonobutane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid			
Worker DNEL,	long-term	inhalation	systemic	15 mg/m³
Worker DNEL,	long-term	dermal	systemic	4,2 mg/kg bw/day
7681-52-9	Sodium Hypochlorite			
Worker DNEL,	long-term	inhalation	systemic	1,55 mg/m³
Worker DNEL,	acute	inhalation	systemic	3,1 mg/m³
Worker DNEL,	acute	inhalation	local	3,1 mg/m³
Worker DNEL,	long-term	inhalation	local	1,55 mg/m³
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	oral	systemic	0,26 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	1,55 mg/m³
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	inhalation	local	1,55 mg/m³

# **PNEC** values

CAS No	Substance		
Environmenta	al compartment	Value	
1312-76-1			
Freshwater		7,5 mg/l	
Freshwater (ir	ntermittent releases)	7,5 mg/l	
Marine water		1 mg/l	
Micro-organis	ms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	348 mg/l	
37971-36-1 2-phosphonobutane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid			
Soil		0,491 mg/kg	
Freshwater sediment		1,47 mg/kg	
Freshwater (intermittent releases)		10,42 mg/l	
Marine water		0,33 mg/l	
Freshwater		3,33 mg/l	
7681-52-9	Sodium Hypochlorite		
Freshwater		0,00021 mg/l	
Freshwater (intermittent releases)		0,00026	
Marine water		0,000042 mg/l	
Secondary poisoning		11,1 mg/kg	
Micro-organis	ms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	4,69 mg/l	

# 8.2. Exposure controls











according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **HYLINE HLU-31**

Revision date: 06.03.2020 Product code: Page 6 of 14

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation.

#### Protective and hygiene measures

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

# Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection. BS/EN 166

# Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves.

Suitable material:

FKM (fluororubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,4 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

Butyl rubber. - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

CR (polychloroprenes, Chloroprene rubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

NBR (Nitrile rubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,35 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

PVC (Polyvinyl chloride). - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive EC/2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Before using check leak tightness / impermeability. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

#### Skin protection

Protective clothing: Protective apron.

Standard: Protective clothing: EN 136, EN 137, EN 140, EN 143, EN 149, EN 405, EN 12941, EN 12942, EN 14387

#### Respiratory protection

With correct and proper use, and under normal conditions, breathing protection is not required.

Respiratory protection necessary at:

- -Exceeding exposure limit values
- -Insufficient ventilation and aerosol or mist formation.

Suitable respiratory protective equipment: Combination filtering device (EN 14387) Type: B- P2/P3

The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

# **Environmental exposure controls**

The product needs to apply neutralizing agents before draining to wastewater treatment plants.

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: liquid Colour: yellow

Odour: characteristic (Chlorine.)

pH-Value: >13 (conc.); 12 (1 %in aqueous solution)

Changes in the physical state

Melting point: not determined

Boiling point or initial boiling point and not determined

boiling range:



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **HYLINE HLU-31**

Revision date: 06.03.2020 Product code: Page 7 of 14

Sublimation point:

Softening point:

No information available.

No determined

Sustaining combustion:

No data available

**Flammability** 

Solid: No information available.

Gas: No information available.

**Explosive properties** 

none

Lower explosion limits:

Upper explosion limits:

not determined

not determined

Auto-ignition temperature:

not determined

Self-ignition temperature

Solid: No information available.
Gas: No information available.
Decomposition temperature: No information available.

**Oxidizing properties** 

none

Vapour pressure: No information available.

(at 20 °C)

Vapour pressure: No information available.

(at 50 °C)

Density (at 20 °C): 1,35 g/cm³
Bulk density: No information available.
Water solubility: miscible.

Solubility in other solvents

miscible.

No information available. Partition coefficient n-octanol/water: < 30 mPa⋅s Viscosity / dynamic: Viscosity / kinematic: No information available. No information available. Flow time: No information available. Relative vapour density: Evaporation rate: No information available. No information available. Solvent separation test: No information available. Solvent content:

9.2. Other information

Solid content:

No information available.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

May cause decomposition by long-term light influence.

Decompostion takes place from temperatures above: 40°C



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

# **HYLINE HLU-31**

Revision date: 06.03.2020 Product code: Page 8 of 14

Decomposition under formation of: Chlorine (Cl2). Oxygen. (Danger of bursting container.)

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product develops hydrogen in an aqueous solution in contact with metals. (Explosion hazard) Contact with acids liberates toxic gas. (Chlorine.)

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

heat. frost. UV-radiation/sunlight.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong acid. Base metals and alloys. Aluminium. Zinc. Lead. Oxidizing agents. Reducing agents. Amines. Ammonia.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Can be released in case of fire: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2). Phosphorus oxides. Chlorine (Cl2). Hydrogen chloride (HCl).

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

# Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

No information available.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CAS No	Chemical name							
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method		
1310-58-3	potassium hydroxide; car	ustic potash						
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	333	Rat	ECHA			
1312-76-1	Silicic acid, potassium sa	It MR >3,2						
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	> 5000	Rat	ECHA dossier	EPA OPPTS 870.1100		
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 5000	Rat	ECHA dossier	EPA OPPTS 870.1200		
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 mg/l	> 2,06	Rat	ECHA dossier	EPA OPPTS 870.1300		
37971-36-1	2-phosphonobutane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid							
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	> 6500	Rat.	Echa dossier			
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	>4000	Rat.	Echa dossier			
	inhalation (4 h) aerosol	LC50 mg/l	> 1,98	Rat.	Echa dossier			
7681-52-9	Sodium Hypochlorite							
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	1100	Rat	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 401		
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	20000	Rat	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 402		
	inhalation (1 h) vapour	LC50 mg/l	>10,5	Rat	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 403		

Irritation and corrosivity



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **HYLINE HLU-31**

Revision date: 06.03.2020 Product code: Page 9 of 14

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Causes serious eye damage.

Irritant effect on the eye: highly caustic.
Irritant effect on the skin: highly caustic.
Irritant effect on the respiratory tract: Irritant.

# Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Potassium Silicate: no danger of sensitization.

Sodium Hypochlorite: no danger of sensitization.

literature infomation: ECHA dossier

# Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sodium Hypochlorite:

No experimental indications of mutagenicity in-vivo exist.

Literature information: ECHA dossier

2-phosphonobutane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid:

In vitro mutagenicity/genotoxicity: Method: OECD 471 (Ames test). Result: negative.; Developmental

toxicity/teratogenicity: Method: OECD 414. Species: Rat. Exposure duration: 20d. Result: NOEL 1000 mg/kg

bw/day. Literature information: ECHA Dossier.

#### STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sodium Hypochlorite:

Subchronic oral toxicity (90d) NOAEL = 34,4 mg/kg (Mouse.)

Literature information: ECHA dossier 2-phosphonobutane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid:

Subchronic oral toxicity: Method: OECD 408. Species: Rat. Exposure duration: 90d. Test results: NOAEL >=

424 Mg/kg bw male Rat. >= 632Mg/kg bw female ,Rat. Literature information: ECHA Dossier.

2-phosphonobutane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid:

Subchronic oral toxicity: Result: NOAEL = 424 mg/kg Exposure time: 90 d

Species: Rat.

# Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h]   [d]	Species	Source	Method
1312-76-1	Silicic acid, potassium sal	Silicic acid, potassium salt MR >3,2					
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	> 146	96 h	Leuciscus idus	ECHA dossier	
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	207 mg/l		Desmodesmus subspicatus	ECHA dossier	other guideline: DIN 38412
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	> 146	48 h	daphnia magna	ECHA dossier	
37971-36-1	2-phosphonobutane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	> 1042	96 h	Danio rerio	Echa dossier	



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **HYLINE HLU-31**

Revision date: 06.03.2020 Product code: Page 10 of 14

	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	>140	72 h	Desmodesmus subspicatus)	Echa dossier	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	> 1071	48 h	Daphnia magna	Echa dossier	
	Fish toxicity	NOEC mg/l	>1042	14 d	Danio rerio	Echa dossier	
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	104 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	Echa dossier	
7681-52-9	2-9 Sodium Hypochlorite						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 (TRO) mg/l	0,032 I	96 h	Fish ,various	ECHA Dossier	
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	0,036	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	0,035	48 h	Ceriodaphnia dubia	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 202
	Fish toxicity	NOEC mg/l	0,04	28 d	Menidia peninsulae	ECHA Dossier	
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC mg/l	0,015	21 d	V. iris (Ambloplites rupestris)	ECHA Dossier	READ ACROSS
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(563 mg/l)	)	3 h	Activated sludge	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 209

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name			
	Method	Value	d	Source
	Evaluation			
37971-36-1	2-phosphonobutane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid			
	OECD 302A / ISO 9887 / EEC 88/302 annex V, C.12	30-40%	90	Echa dossier
	Not easily bio-degradable (according to OECD-criteria).			

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No indication of bioaccumulation potential.

The statement is derived form the properties of the components.

#### Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
37971-36-1	2-phosphonobutane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid	-1,36

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available.

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### **Disposal recommendations**

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. Consult the local waste disposal expert about waste disposal. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process. Control report for waste code/ waste marking according to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue:



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **HYLINE HLU-31**

Revision date: 06.03.2020 Product code: Page 11 of 14

#### List of Wastes Code - residues/unused products

200129 MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND

INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS; separately collected fractions (except 15 01); detergents containing hazardous substances; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - used product

200129 MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND

INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS; separately collected fractions (except 15 01); detergents containing hazardous substances; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - contaminated packaging

150110 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste); packaging containing residues of or contaminated by

hazardous substances; hazardous waste

#### Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### Land transport (ADR/RID)

**14.1. UN number:** UN 1719

14.2. UN proper shipping name: CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains: potassium hydroxide,

sodium hypochlorite, solution ... % Cl active )

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):814.4. Packing group:II

Hazard label: 8



Classification code: C5
Special Provisions: 274
Limited quantity: 1 L
Excepted quantity: E2
Transport category: 2
Hazard No: 80
Tunnel restriction code: E

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

**14.1. UN number:** UN 1719

14.2. UN proper shipping name: CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains: potassium hydroxide,

sodium hypochlorite, solution ... % Cl active )

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):814.4. Packing group:IIHazard label:8



Classification code: C5
Special Provisions: 274
Limited quantity: 1 L
Excepted quantity: E2

Marine transport (IMDG)



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **HYLINE HLU-31**

Revision date: 06.03.2020 Product code: Page 12 of 14

**14.1. UN number:** UN 1719

14.2. UN proper shipping name: CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S .(contains: Potassiumhydroxide,

Sodium Hypochlorite solution)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):814.4. Packing group:IIHazard label:8



Marine pollutant: YES
Special Provisions: 274
Limited quantity: 1 L
Excepted quantity: E2
EmS: F-A, S-B

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

**14.1. UN number:** UN 1719

14.2. UN proper shipping name: CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains: Potassiumhydroxide,

Sodium Hypochlorite solution)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):814.4. Packing group:IIHazard label:8



Special Provisions:

Limited quantity Passenger:

Passenger LQ:

Excepted quantity:

A3 A803

0.5 L

Y840

Excepted quantity:

E2

IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:851IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:1 LIATA-packing instructions - Cargo:855IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:30 L

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: Yes



Danger releasing substance: Sodium Hypochlorite

14.6. Special precautions for user

Refer to section 6-8

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No information available.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# **EU** regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **HYLINE HLU-31**

Revision date: 06.03.2020 Product code: Page 13 of 14

2010/75/EU (VOC): No information available. 2004/42/EC (VOC): No information available.

Information according to 2012/18/EU E1 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment

(SEVESO III):

# **Additional information**

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (amended by Regulation (EU) No 2020/878)

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

REACH 1907/2006 Appendix XVII, No (mixture): 3

#### **National regulatory information**

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile

work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

Water hazard class (D): 2 - obviously hazardous to water

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

potassium hydroxide; caustic potash Silicic acid, potassium salt MR >3,2 2-phosphonobutane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid

Sodium Hypochlorite

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Changes

Rev. 1,0: 29.02.2012 Rev. 1,01: 02.05.2012 Rev. 1,02: 08.05.2102 Rev. 1,03: 14.08.2012

Rev. 1,10: 16.06.2016; Changes in chapter: 1-16 Rev. 2,00; 04.10.2018; Changes in chapter: 1-16 Rev. 2,10; 06.03.2020; Changes in chapter: 14.5

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

**CAS Chemical Abstracts Service** 

CLP: Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures

**DNEL: Derived No Effect Level** 

d: day(s)

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European LIst of Notified Chemical Substances

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency EWC: European Waste Catalogue

IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals GefStoffV: Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany)

h: hour

LOAEL: Lowest observed adverse effect level

LOAEC: Lowest observed adverse effect concentration

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### **HYLINE HLU-31**

Revision date: 06.03.2020 Product code: Page 14 of 14

NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level

NOAEC: No observed adverse effect concentration

NLP: No-Longer Polymers

N/A: not applicable

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PNEC: predicted no effect concentration PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative toxic

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de

fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail )

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation of Chemicals

SVHC: substance of very high concern TRGS: Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe

**UN: United Nations** 

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

#### Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Met. Corr. 1; H290	On basis of test data and / or calculated and / or estimated.
Skin Corr. 1; H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1; H318	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1; H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	Calculation method

#### Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

#### **Further Information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] - Classification procedure:

Health hazards: Calculation method. Environmental hazards: Calculation method.

Physical hazards: On basis of test data and / or calculated and / or estimated.

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)